Passing – Overhand Reception Serie 2 | Poster 1

Follow through - post contact phase @-8

direction.

coverage or attack.

Legs move into ball with hands and arms

moving in a lower angle towards due to the

8 Hands follow through in the direction of the

target and arc of the ball is usually lower

depending upon the power of the serve. Player then moves to the next action of

back bend, which creates the intended target

FÉDÉRATION INTERNATIONALE DE VOLLEYBALL

1 Overhand Reception / Nancy CARRILLO (CUB) / World Championship 2006





3 Teaching Description

Approach/position - pre contact phase 0-0

- Ready position (can be adjusted closer or further from the net depending upon style and predicted trajectory of the serve). Eyes focus on the direction and trajectory of the incoming ball.
- One with the ball to get in position with stable platform.
- 8 Hands up quickly in front of the forehead with forward leaning shoulders and back in line with intending direction of the pass to the setter.
- Weight transfer to legs and back has forward bend to be in a 'strong' stable position.

NOTE: For young volleyball athletes (U14/15) it might be best to 'force' them to use the underhand reception of service to cause them to learn how to move their feet to get behind the ball. If this skill is taught too early there is a tendency to not move the feet and reaching outside the body occurs.



Ballcontact - contact phase 6-6

with the body.

9 Positioning the hands slightly closer than

'wide' and move into the incoming ball

head/shoulders facing intended direction

of pass and wrists should not be loose.

when setting, elbows 'in' rather than

6 Ball contact with spread fingers and

7 Overhand Reception / Natalya SAFRONOVA (RUS) / World Championship 2006



4 Individual technique features



6 Position/ball contact phase





